Description: Two letters from General Eisenhower to Chief of Staff of the United States Army, General George C. Marshall, dated May 3, 1944 and May 4, 1944.

General Eisenhower had ordered all units under his command to maintain the highest standard of security discipline, and that severe disciplinary actions be taken in the case of any violations.

This order was tested when one of Eisenhower's West Point classmates, now also a general and the commander of the IX Air Force Service declared— in the presence of a number of guests in a public hotel dining room—that the invasion would begin before June 15th. Upon validating these details, Eisenhower ordered that his friend, Major General Henry J.F. Miller, be removed from his post, reduced to a colonel, and sent back to the United States.

Obtained from page 75 of this book:

Rawson, Andrew. Eyes Only: The Top Secret Correspondence Between Marshall and Eisenhower. Gloucestershire, UK: Spellmount, 2012.



P.

The Top Secret Correspondence Between MARSHALL and EISENHOWER

Andrew

Rawson

MY NO

f: S-51128 ommander soldiers in y hands, to e decided to sures I have rwarded in

f: S-51129 ion in your ou in comn. I do this

cent action. rances and cial files. the task of ise extreme ot be guilty uperiors or MAY 1944

5

A Serious Security Violation

3 May

Ref: E-26153

In the public dining room of Claridges Hotel¹ on 18 April, in the presence and hearing of persons who neither knew, nor were entitled to know, operational plans, Major General Henry J. F. Miller, Air Corps,² made statements regarding future operations that constitute such a critically serious violation of security as to make it imperative that exemplary action be taken here, both for punitive reasons and as a deterrent.³ Judge Advocate⁴ considers that the evidence, while clear, is not of a character to warrant punishment by a court martial more severe that can be given administratively. Request you give me the authority of the President to demote him at once to his permanent Regular Army rank of colonel and return him to United States. Such action is supported by conclusions of Inspector General⁵ and is concurred in by Spaatz.

Eisenhower to Marshall4 MayRef: W-31941Authority is granted to reduce Major General Henry J. F. Miller. Army Air Corps. to his per-
manent Army rank and return him to the United States without delay by direction of the
President. Forward complete report to Inspector General on the case.⁶

The President's Congratulations

Marshall to Eisenhower5 MayRef: W-32154The President has not yet made a definite decision as to the advisability of making an
announcement reference your S-50861 dated 28 April. However, if it should appear desir-
able to make such an announcement, he has informed me that it would be as follows:

"A landing on the coast of France has been made in full force by a combined American-British Army under the command of General Eisenhower. Speaking for America, I

Eisenhower to Marshall

6 Eisenhower ordered an immediate investigation and then reduced Miller to his permanent rank of Lieutenant-Colonel and gave him 24 hours to leave the UK.

se he was ence in the

¹ Brook Street, Mayfair, London.

² Miller was commander of Air Material Command European Theater of Operations: he retired in May 1944.

³ While telling guests about how difficult it was to get crucial supplies. Miller was quoted as saying: "On my honor the invasion will come before June 15." An alternative version has Miller complaining to a nurse that some important items would not reach the UK until 15 June, well after the invasion.

⁴ The Judge Advocate was the US Army's legal advisor, dealing with all aspects of law and served as prosecutor during courts-martials.

⁵ The Inspector General was principally charged with making sure that units were ready for combat, acting as a third party inspector. However, in this case he was charged with his secondary role, the investigation of non-criminal allegations.